# 7-minute briefing: Child Obesity and Safeguarding

### **Addressing Obesity**

- Practitioners are in a unique position to have conversations about weight with children and families where needed.
- Conversations with children and family's weight should be done at an early stage of concern, nonjudgmentally.
- · Focus on making healthier lifestyle habits as a family. This includes active play, healthy food, reducing screen time, improving sleep etc.
- It is important to take a whole family approach, taking every member's lifestyle into account.
- Practitioners should always consider the possibility of adverse experiences and consider all vulnerabilities when dealing with severe obesity, and take a trauma informed approach when working with families.



## **Greenwich Obesity Pathway:**

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- Tier 1 Universal Support healthy eating and physical activity e.g. Greenwich Get Active and Cookery clubs for further help Young Greenwich & Livewell Greenwich review . - practitioner signpost & self-referral
- Tier 2 weight management services XPLORE service for Greenwich children aged 4-17 with a BMI≥91st centile and no complex needs Practitioner or self-referral within the criteria, others considered on case by case
- Tier 3 Family based and Clinical Services specialist family-based service for Greenwich residents with complex needs and CEW clinic referral by practitioners only

## **Further reading**

- Data and policy on obesity
- General research on obesity.
- Conversations about obesity
- Child F Safeguarding Review
- Obesity and ACE in children
- Poverty and obesity

## Child Alex: Local Learning Review

In 2021, the GSCP carried out a review of Alex's death Alex at 17 years of age. Alex was a happy child with a positive relationship with his school. He was diagnosed as very overweight from 2016. Though it was not his cause of death, his weight still had a bad impact on his qualify of life giving him significant hip problems and pain, and there were some indicators of neglect.

## Local resources

- Local information and support https://livewellgreenwich.org.uk
- Information about healthy eating Eat well - NHS (www.nhs.uk)
- 2019/24 Health and Wellbeing Strategy - Health and Wellbeing

## Viner Framework (Viner et al 2010)

Framework to assess obesity as a child protection

- Child obesity alone is not a child protection issue.
- Failure to reduce overweight alone is not a child protection concern.
- However, consistent failure to change lifestyle and engage with outside support indicates neglect, particularly in younger children. So, obesity may be part of wider concerns about neglect or emotional abuse.
- · Assessment should include systemic factors

## Child Alex: GSCP Local Learning Review findings

- Key points of liaison and information sharing should have taken place as part of the assessment and the step-down process leading to improvements.
- Attempts to address weight through the school e.g., using school meals for healthy meals, school nurse were not fully utilised.
- Referrals to the weight management service were made but nonattendance that was not followed up, a missed opportunity to improve engagement.
- The gravity of the concerns about Alex's obesity were not disclosed to all so there was no shared sense of risk.
- There was not enough focus on the child's voice giving a sense of lived experience.
- There was no multiagency understanding of the impact of obesity so no shared approach.
- There was no evidence that cultural needs were considered, which would have improved interventions.
- Issue of obesity should have been considered in context of neglect, so CP procedures could be used